FOURTEENTH GOAM LEGISLATURE 1977 (FIRST) Regular Session

CERTIFICATION OF PASSAGE OF AN ACT TO THE GOVERNOR

This is to certify that Substitute Bill No. 425, "An Act to add a new Chapter XII to Title LXI, Government Code of Guam, relative to drinking water", was on the 6th day of December, 1977, duly and regularly passed.

suph 7 Waa JOSEPH F, ADA Speaker

ATTESTED:

ERNESTO H. ESPALDON Logislative Secretary

This Act was received by the Governor this 19th day of Seconder, 1977, at 125 o'clock .W.

RUTH F. WON PAT
Assistant Staff Officer
Governor's Office

APPROVED:

/s/ RICARDO J. BORDALLO

RICARDO J. BORDALLO GOVERNOT OF GURB

DATED: Le cember 27,1977

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FOURTEENTH GUAM LEGISLATUE 1977 (FIRST) Regular Session

Bill No. 425 (As Substituted by the Committee on Health, Welfare, & Ecology)

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Introduced by Committee on Rules at the request of the Governor.

AN ACT TO ADD A NEW CHAPTER XII TO TITLE LXI, GOVERNMENT CODE OF GUAM, RELATIVE TO DRINKING WATER.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE TERRITORY OF GUAM:

Section 1. A new Chapter XII is hereby added to Title LXI, Government Code of Guam, to read as follows:

"CHAPTER XII

SAFE DRINKING WATER ACT

Section 57285. This Act shall be known as the Guam Safe Drinking Water Act.

Section 57286. Statement of Policy. It is hereby declared to be the public policy of this territory and the purpose of this Act to protect public water supplies from contamination and to require the provision of safe drinking water for public consumption in order to protect human health and safety to the greatest degree practicable.

To these ends, it is the purpose of this Act to provide a comprehensive territory-wide program for the protection and provision of safe drinking water.

Section 57287. Definitions. As used in this Chapter:

(a) 'Agency' means the Guam Environmental Protection Agency as established by Chapter I, Title LXI of the Government Code of Guam.

'Administrator' means the Administrator of 1 the Guam Environmental Protection Agency. 'Public water system' means a system owned 3 or operated by any person which provides piped water for human consumption if the system has at least 5 fifteen (15) service connections or regularly serves 6 at least twenty-five (25) individuals, such term 7 includes: 8 Any collection, treatment, storage, and (1)9 distribution facilities controlled by the system 10 and used primarily in connection with the system; 11 and 12 Any collection or pretreatment storage 13 facilities not under control of, but which are 14 used primarily in connection with the system. 15 'Board' means the Board of Directors of the 16 Guam Environmental Protection Agency. 17 'Person' means an individual, corporation, 18 company, association, partnership, federal agency, or 19 subdivision or agency of the government of Guam. 20 'Federal Agency' means any department, agency, 21 or instrumentality of the United States. 22 'Supplier of Water' means any person who owns 23 or operates a public water system. 24 'Contaminant' means any physical, chemical, 25 biological, or radiological substance or matter in 26 water which, as determined by the Agency, may have an 27 adverse effect upon human health or may be harmful to 28 the public welfare. 29

(i)'Federal Administrator' means the Adminis-1 trator of the United States Environmental Protection 2 3 Agency. 'Federal Act' means the Safe Drinking Water Act, Public Law 93-523. 5 'Primary Drinking Water Regulation' means a regulation which: 7 (1) applies to public water systems; (2) specifies contaminants which, as 9 determined by the Agency, may have any adverse 10 effect on the health of persons; 11 (3) specifies for each contaminant either 12 (i) a maximum contaminant level if, as 13 determined by the Agency, it is economically 14 and technologically feasible to ascertain the 15 level of such contaminant in public water 16 17 systems: or 18 (ii) if, as determined by the agency, it is not economically or technologically fea-19 sible to ascertain the contaminant level, 20 each treatment technique known to the Agency 21 which leads to a reduction in the level of 22 such contaminant sufficient to satisfy the 23 24 requirements of Section 57289; and 25 contains criteria and procedures to assure a supply of drinking water, the quality of 26 which does not exceed maximum contaminant levels; 27 it includes quality control and testing procedures 28 29 to insure compliance with such standards and 30 proper operation and maintenance of the system, 31 and requirements as to: - 3 -

(1) the minimum quality of water which 1 may be taken into the system; and 2 (ii) siting for new facilities for public 3 water systems. 'Secondary Drinking Water Regulation' means a (1) regulation which applies to public water systems and ő which specifies the maximum contaminant level which, 7 in the judgment of the Agency, are requisite to protect 8 the public welfare. 9 'National Primary Drinking Water Regulations' 10 means primary drinking water regulations promulgated by 11 the Federal Environmental Protection Agency pursuant 12 to the Federal Act. 13 'National Secondary Drinking Water Regula-(n) 14 tions' means secondary drinking water regulations pro-15 mulgated by the Federal Environmental Protection Agency 16 pursuant to the Federal Act. 17 'Injection' means the subsurface emplacement 18 of any material gaseous, liquid, or solid, or any 19 admixture thereof, which may add a contaminant to 20 underground waters. 21 Section 57288. Administration. The Agency is herein 22 authorized to: 23 (a) perform any and all acts necessary to carry 24 out the purposes and requirements of this Chapter; 25 (b) administer and enforce the provisions of this 26 Chapter and all rules, regulations, and orders promul-27 28 gated;

(c) enter into agreements, contracts, or coopera-1 tive arrangements with any person for the purpose of 2 carrying out this Act; 3 (d) receive financial and technical assistance 4 from the Federal Government and other public or 5 private agencies to carry out the provisions of this Act; (e) participate in related programs of any public × or private agencies or organizations; 9 (f) establish adequate fiscal controls and 10 accounting procedures to assure proper disbursement of 11 and an accounting for funds appropriated or received 12 for the purpose of carrying out this Chapter; 13 (g) delegate those responsibilities and duties as 14 appropriate for the purpose of administering the 15 requirements of this Chapter; 16 (h) establish and collect fees for conducting 17 plan reviews, inspections and laboratory analyses as 18 necessary for the purpose of carrying out this Chapter; 19 (i) prescribe such regulations as necessary to 20 carry out functions under this Chapter; 21 (j) make such investigations and inspections as 22 may be necessary to insure compliance with this 23 Chapter; and 24 (k) encourage voluntary cooperation by persons 25 and affected groups to achieve the purposes of this 26 Act. 27 - 5 -

Section 57289. Drinking Water Standards: 1 The Agency shall promulgate and enforce pri-2 mary drinking water regulations and may promulgate 3 and enforce secondary drinking water regulations. Primary drinking water regulations shall protect health 5 using technology, treatment techniques, and other means which are generally available. Maximum contami-7 nant levels covered by primary drinking water regulations shall be set at a level at which no known or 9 anticipated adverse effects on the health of persons 10 occur and which allows an adequate margin of safety. 11 Treatment techniques covered by primary drinking water 12 regulations shall require treatment necessary to pre-13 vent known or anticipated adverse effects on the health 14 of persons. Primary drinking water regulations shall 15 be no less stringent than the national primary drinking 16 water regulations in effect at that time. 17 (b) Maximum contaminant levels covered by secon-18 dary drinking water regulations may be set at a level 19 which shall protect the public welfare. Treatment 20 techniques covered by secondary drinking water regula-21 tions may require treatment necessary to prevent known 22 or anticipated adverse effects on the welfare of per-23 sons. Secondary drinking water regulations should be 24 no less stringent than the national secondary drinking 25 water regulations. 26 Subject to Section 57294, primary and secon-27 dary drinking water regulations shall apply to each 28 public water system in the territory including those 29 owned and operated by the government of Guam or 30 Federal Agencies. 31 - 6 -

The Agency shall adopt and implement proce-1 dures for the enforcement of primary drinking water 2 regulations, including monitoring, inspection, and 3 recordkeeping procedures which are not in conflict 4 with the Federal Act. 5 The Agency may promulate and enforce regula-(e) б 7 tions relating to cross-connection and backflow prevention control. 8 The Agency shall promulgate regulations 9 establishing an underground injection control program. 10 Such program shall prohibit, effective not later than 11 December 15, 1977, any underground injection which is 12 not authorized by a permit issued by the Agency except 13 that the Agency may authorize underground injection by 14 regulation. Underground injection authorized by re-15 gulation shall not endanger drinking water sources. 16 Any underground injection control program shall: 17 (1) set standards and prohibitions con-18 trolling any underground injection if such injec-19 tion may result in the presence of any contaminant 20 in underground water which supplies or may be 21 expected to supply any public water system, and 22 if the presence of such contaminant may result 23 in such system not complying with any national 24

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primary drinking water regulations or may other-

wise adversely affect the health of persons.

(2) require, in the case of a program which 1 authorizes underground injection by permit, that 2 the applicant for the permit satisfy the Adminis-3 trator that the underground injection will meet the 4 requirements of subsection (f)(1) of this section. 5 (3) conform to all requirements of the 6 Federal Act and any applicable regulations pro-7 mulgated thereunder. 8 include inspection, monitoring, record-9 keeping and reporting requirements. 10 Section 57290. Review of plans and specifications. 11 Plans and specifications for the construction or substantial 12 alteration of a public water system shall be submitted to 13 the Administrator for approval in the form and manner 14 specified in regulations adopted by the Agency. 15 Section 57291. Right of Entry and Inspection. 16 (a) The Administrator or his authorized repre-17 sentative may enter at all reasonable times in or 18 upon the property of any public water system for the 19 purpose of inspecting and investigating the adequacy 20 and sanitary condition of the water supply and the 21 quality of its water. 22 23 (b) The Agency may enter into cooperative agreements with Federal Agencies to implement the provisions 24 of this paragraph on Federal facilities. 25 Section 57292. Laboratory Certification. No labora-26 tory shall perform the tests and analyses required by the 27 Administrator pursuant to this Chapter for any public water 28 system without first obtaining a certificate issued by the 29 Administrator that such laboratory is competent and equipped 30 31 to conduct such tests. Certificates shall be renewed every - 8 -

three (3) years after the date of issuance. The Adminis-1 trator may revoke any certificate upon determination that 2 the laboratory is no longer competent or equipped to conduct 3 such tests or analyses. Section 57293. Variances and Exemptions. may issue variances or exemptions from the regulations 6 7 issued pursuant to Section 57289 under conditions and in a manner consistent with the public interests; however, such 8 variances or exemptions are not permitted under conditions 9 less stringent than the conditions under which variances 10 and exemptions may be granted under the Federal Act. 11 Section 57294. Notification of User and Regulatory 12 Agencies. Whenever a public water system: 13 fails to comply with an applicable standard, 14 (a) treatment technique or testing procedure requirement 15 of the primary drinking water regulations; 16 (b) fails to perform monitoring required by 17 regulations adopted by the Agency; 18 is subject to a variance granted for an 19 inability to meet a standard requirement; 20 is subject to an exemption; or 21 (e) fails to comply with the requirements pre-22 scribed by a variance or exemption; 23 the public water system shall promptly notify the Adminis-24 trator and users in a form and manner prescribed by regula-25 26 tion by the Agency.

Imminent hazards. The Agency may, upon Section 57295. 1 learning that a contaminant is present in or is likely 2 to enter a public water system and may present an imminent 3 and substantial danger to the public, take actions necessary 4 to protect the health of the public. The actions which 5 the Agency may take include but are not limited to: 6 (a) issuing such orders as may be necessary to 7 protect the health of persons who are or may be users R of such system (including travelers); and 9 (b) commencing a civil action for appropriate 10 relief, including a restraining order or permanent or 11 temporary injunction. Such action shall be conducted 12 in and by the Superior Court of Guam. 13 Section 57296. Plan for Emergency Provision of Water. 14 The Agency shall develop a plan for the provision of safe 15 drinking water under emergency circumstances. When the 16 Administrator determines that emergency circumstances exist 17 in the territory with respect to a need for safe drinking 18 water, he may take such actions as necessary with the 19 concurrence of the Governor of Guam to implement the plan 20 for safe drinking water. 21 Section 57297. Prohibited Acts. The following acts 22 are prohibited: 23 (a) Failure by a supplier of water to comply 24 with the requirements of Section 57294, or dissemination 25 by any supplier of false or misleading information 26 with respect to notices required pursuant to Section 27 57294 or with respect to remedial actions undertaken 28 to achieve compliance with primary drinking water 29 regulations; 30 - 10 -

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(b) Failure by a supplier of water to comply with regulations promulgated pursuant to Section 57289 or with the conditions for variances or exemptions issued under Section 57293; and

(c) Failure by any person to comply with any order issued by the Agency pursuant to this Chapter.

Section 57298. Remedies. The Administrator may enforce this Chapter in either administrative or judicial proceedings:

(a) Administrative. If the Administrator determines that any person is violating any provision of this Chapter, any rule or regulation promulgated thereunder, or any variance or exemption issued pursuant thereto, the Administrator may have that person served with a Notice of Violation and an Order. The notice shall specify the alleged violation. The order may require that the alleged violator do any or all of the following: cease and desist from the violation; pay a civil penalty not to exceed Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000) for each day of violation; or appear before the Administrator at a time and place specified in the order and answer the charges complained of. The order shall become final ten (10) days after service unless within those ten (10) days the alleged violator requests in writing a hearing before the Board. Upon such request, the Board shall specify a time and place for the alleged violator to appear. When the Administrator issues an order for immediate action to protect the public health from an imminent and substantial danger, the Agency shall provide an opportunity for a hearing within twenty-four (24) hours after service of

the order. After a hearing pursuant to this subsection before the Board, the Board may affirm, modify, or rescind the Administrator's order as appropriate.

The Administrator may institute a civil action in any court of appropriate jurisdiction for the enforcement of any order issued pursuant to this subsection.

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- (b) Judicial. The Administrator may institute a civil action in the Superior Court of Guam for injunctive relief to prevent violation of any order or regulation issued pursuant to this Act in addition to any other remedy provided for under this section.
- (c) Nothing in this Act shall prevent the Agency from making efforts to obtain voluntary compliance through warning, conference or any other appropriate means.

Section 57299. Hearings. (a) No rule or regulation and no amendment thereof shall take effect except after public hearing on due notice as provided in the Administrative Adjudication Law, Government Code of Guam.

(b) Nothing in this section shall be construed to

require a hearing prior to the issuance of an imminent hazard order pursuant to Section 57295 of this Act."

Section 2. Severability. The provisions of this Act are severable; if any provision or application of this Act is held invalid, such invalidity does not affect other provisions or applications of this act which can be given effect without the invalid provision or application.

Section 3. Effective Date. This Act shall take effect upon its approval by the Governor.