dagm apain

Omberfinal copy

## TWELFTH GUAM LEGISLATURE 1974 (SECOND) Regular Session

## CERTIFICATION OF PASSAGE OF AN ACT TO THE GOVERNOR

This is to certify that Bill No. 595, "An Act to repeal and reenact Chapter XIII, Title XIV of the Government Code of Guam relative to the management and protection of historical objects and sites", was on the 17th day of April, 1974, duly and regularly passed.

F. T. RAMIREZ Speaker

ATTESTED:

G. M. BAMBA Legislative Secretary

This Act was received by the Governor this act day of April, 1974 at 3.40 o'clock 0.M.

787 KEITH L. ANDREWS

KEITH L. ANDREWS Attorney General of Guam

APPROVED:

CARLOS G. CAMACHO Governor of Guam

**ALLA** 

PR 21 1986 ...

GUAM TER HTORIAL

Reblic Fran

## TWELFTH GUAM LEGISLATURE 1973 (FIRST) Regular Session

Bill No. 595
Substitute Bill by
Committee on Resources,
Development & Agriculture

Introduced by

P. J. Bordallo

AN ACT TO REPEAL AND REENACT CHAPTER XIII, TITLE XIV OF THE GOVERNMENT CODE OF GUAM RELATIVE TO THE MANAGEMENT AND PROTECTION OF HISTORICAL OBJECTS AND SITES.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE TERRITORY OF GUAM:

Section 1. Chapter XIII, Title XIV of the Government Code of Guam (Guam Historic Site Commission) is hereby repealed and reenacted to read as follows:

## "CHAPTER XIII

Historical Objects and Sites

Part I. Cenerally

Section 13985. Purpose. Whereas the Legislature has determined that the historic, archaeological, architectural, and cultural heritage of Guam is among her most important environmental assets and furthermore that the rapid social and economic development of contemporary society threatens to destroy the remaining vestiges of this Spanish-Chamorro heritage, it is declared to be the public policy and in the public interest of this territory to engage in a comprehensive program of historic preservation, undertaken at all levels of the government of this territory, and to promote the use and conservation of such property for education, inspiration, pleasure, and enrichment of the residents of this territory.

Section 13985.1. Definitions. When used in this Chapter 'department' means the Department of Commerce. As used in this part:

1

2

3

4 5

6

7

8

10

11

12

14

15

16

18

19

20

22

23

(1) 'Historic preservation' means the research, 1 protection, restoration, and rehabilitation of sites, 2 buildings, structures, and objects significant in the 3 history, architecture, archaeology, or culture of Guam. 4 (2) 'Historic property' means any building, structure, 5 object, area, or site that is significant in the history, 6 architecture, archaeology, or culture of Guam or the nation. 7 Section 13985.2. Historic preservation and restora-8 tion. The department in cooperation with the Central 9 Planning Council shall establish a comprehensive program 10 for historic preservation, restoration, and presentation, 11 which shall include but not be limited to the following: 12 (1) Plans to acquire, restore, and preserve historic 13 areas, buildings, and sites significant to Guam's past; 14 (2) Establish and maintain the Guam Register of 15 -15 Historic Places: (3) Establish regulations on the uses of such areas; 17 (4) Develop a territory wide survey of historic areas, 18 buildings, and sites with a phased preservation and 19 restoration development plan and accompanying budget and 20 21 land use recommendations; (5) Provide for matching grants-in-aid to private 22 agencies for projects which will fulfill the purposes of 23 24 this Chapter; (6) Seek assistance for the territorial historic 25 preservation and restoration program by applying for 25 technical assistance and funds from the Federal government 27 and private agencies and foundations for the purposes of 28 29 this Chapter; (7) Employ sufficient professional and technical 30 staff for the purposes of this Chapter; 31 - 2 -

1 (8) Advise and cooperate with other public and private agencies engaged in similar work; 2 (9) Submit an annual report and budget to the Governor 3 4 and the Legislature by February 1 of each year, with 5 recommendations for programs of historic preservation and restoration. 6 7 Section 13985.3. Administration. All territorial projects and programs relating to historic preservation 8 and restoration shall come under the authority of the 9 10 Department. 11 Section 13985.4. Acquisitions and gifts. For the 12 purpose of protecting or preserving any historic property, 13 the Department may acquire, preserve, restore, hold, maintain, operate, or dispose of such properties, together with 14 15 such adjacent or associated lands as may be necessary for their protection, preservation, maintenance, or 16 17 operation. Such property may be real or personal in nature, 18 and in the case of real property, the acquisition may 19 include the fee or any lesser interest therein. Property 20 may be acquired by gift, grant, bequest, devise, lease, 21 purchase, condemnation, or otherwise. Property may be 22 acquired by the Department, using such funds as may be 23 appropriated for such purpose. 24 24 The Department may receive gifts and grants from 25 public and private sources to be used for the purposes of 26 this Chapter. 27 Section 13985.5. Condemnation. In the event that a 23 property which has been found by the Department to be 29 important for public ownership or assistance is in danger 30 of being sold, used, or neglected to such an extent that

1 its historical or cultural importance will be destroyed 2 or seriously impaired, or that the property is otherwise 3 in danger of destruction or serious impairment, the 4 Department in cooperation with the Department of Land Management may acquire the historical property or any interest therein by condemnation under the laws of this 7 territory. All condemnation proceedings shall be instituted 8 and prosecuted in the name of the territory.

5

6

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

Section 13985.6. Interest acquired. In the case of real property, the interest acquired shall be limited to that estate, agency, interest, or term deemed by the Department to be reasonably necessary for the continued protection or preservation of the property. The Department may acquire the fee simple title, but where it finds that a lesser interest, including any development right, negative or affirmative easement in gross, or appurtenant convenant, lease, or other contractual right of or to any real property, to be the most practical and economical method of protecting and preserving historical property, the lesser interest may be acquired.

Section 13985.7. Operation of properties. Any historic property acquired, whether in fee or otherwise, may be used, maintained, improved, restored, or operated by the Department for any public purpose within its powers and not inconsistent with the purpose of the continued preservation of the property. Such historic property shall not be subject to condemnation unless such method of acquisition is first approved by the Governor.

Section 13985.8. Conveyance of properties. In appropriate cases, the Department of Land Management with the concurrence of the Department may acquire or dispose of the

fee or lesser interest to any historic property, including adjacent and associated lands, for the specific purpose of conveying or leasing the property back to its original owner or to any such other person, firm, association, corporation, or other organization under such convenants, deed restrictions, lease, or other contractual arrangements as will limit the future use of the property in such a way as to insure its preservation. In all cases where property is conveyed, it shall be subjected by convenant or otherwise to such rights of access, public visitation, and other conditions or restrictions of operation, maintenance, restoration, and repair as the Department may prescribe, or to such conditions as may be agreed upon between the Department and the grantee or lessee to accomplish the purposes of this section.

Section 13985.9. Contracts. The Department may enter into and carry out contracts with the Federal government or any agency thereof under which the Federal government or agency grants financial or other assistance to the Department to further the purposes of this Chapter. The Department may agree to and comply with any reasonable conditions not inconsistent with territorial law which are imposed on such grants. Such grant funds or other assistance may be accepted from the Federal government or agency and expended whether or not pursuant to a contract. The Department may further enter into and carry out contracts with any private party to further the purpose of this Chapter.

Section 13985.10. Entry upon private land. The

Department is authorized to enter, solely in performance of
its official duties and only at reasonable times, upon

that no member, employee or agent of the Department may enter any private building or structure without the express consent of the owner or occupant thereof.

Section 13985.11. Excavation and removal of prehistoric and historic remains or objects on private lands.

- (a) Before any prehistoric remains or objects are excavated or removed from private lands by the Department, the Department or its designated representatives may, for the purpose of examining the remains or objects, enter upon the land and make investigations. The entry shall not constitute a cause of action in favor of the owner of the land, except for damages resulting from wilfull acts or negligence on the part of the Department or its designated representatives.
- (b) Removal of any prehistoric or historic remains or objects from private lands shall be made in the presence of the owner as witness. Whenever any prehistoric or historic remains or objects are excavated or removed from private lands by the Department or its designated representatives, the owner of such lands shall be compensated for the loss of such remains or objects at a sum mutually agreed upon by the Department and the owner, or if no agreement is reached, the amount of compensation shall be determined by trial in the Superior Court and measured by the fair market value of such remains, assessed as of the date of its removal by the Department or its designated representatives, and established by the testimony of experts qualified in the appraisal of such remains or objects.

Section 13985.12. Court actions. Where any violation of this Chapter occurs, or is likely to occur, which will

31

result in unauthorized or improper demolition, alteration, or transfer of historic property, the Attorney General, any agency of the territory any person, partnership, corporation, association, organization, or other legal entity may maintain an action in the Superior Court for declaratory and equitable relief against the territory, any person, partnership, corporation, association, organization, or other legal entity for the protection of a historic property and the public trust therein. Any party who prevails in an action brought under the provisions of this section shall be awarded his costs, including reasonable attorney fees.

Section 13985.13. Guam Museum as a depository for certain specimens and objects. Any specimen and object of natural history and of botanical, ethnological, or archaeological value or interest, and any book, treatise, or pamphlet relating to natural history, botany, ethnology, or archaeology now in the possession of the University of Guam, or any territorial department, bureau, or board, or which may hereafter come into the possession of the university or the department, bureau, or board, if and when the same is no longer needed for scientific investigation, for study, or for any other purpose by the university or the department, bureau, or board may, at the request of the museum be transferred and delivered by and with the consent of such department, bureau, or board having possession of to the museum or exchanged with the museum, and whereupon, in any such case, the title thereto shall become vested in the museum, provided, that the specimens and objects so transferred to the museum are made available at all reasonable times by the museum for study and examination by the officials of the university

or such department, bureau, or board.

Section 13985.14. Designation of historic sites. The Department shall designate particular places as places of historic interest, and take such action, including the erection of signs or markers, as may be appropriate for public recognition and appreciation of such sites.

PART II. Conservation of Archaeological Resources

Section 13985.15. Declaration of legislative intent. The Legislature declares that the public has an interest in the preservation and protection of the territory's archaeological resources; that the public has a right to the knowledge to be derived and gained from a scientific study of these resources, and that therefore it is the purpose of this part to provide that activities for the preservation, excavation, study, and exhibition of the territory's archaeological resources be undertaken in a coordinated and organized manner for the general welfare of the public as a whole.

Section 13985.16. Definitions. As used in this part:

- (1) 'Field investigation' means the study of the traces of human culture at any land or water site by means of surveying, digging, sampling, excavating, or removing surface or subsurface objects, or going on a site with that intent.
- (2) 'Site' means any aboriginal mound, homesite, earthwork, village location, burial ground, historic or prehistoric ruin, quarry, cave, or other location which is or may be the source of important archaeological data.
- (3) 'Specimens' mean all relics, artifacts, remains, objects, or any other evidence of a historical, prehistorical, archaeological, or anthropological nature, which may

be found on or below the surface of the earth, and which have scientific or historic value as objects of antiquity, as aboriginal relics or as archaeological samples.

Section 13985.17. Archaeological resources on government land. The territory reserves to itself the exclusive right and privilege of field investigation on sites owned or controlled by the territory, its agencies, departments, or institutions in order to protect and preserve archaeological and scientific information and objects. All new information and objects deriving from government lands shall remain the property of the territory and be utilized for scientific or public educational purposes.

Section 13985.18. Archaeological investigation, recording, and salvage; appropriations. Whenever any public construction or improvement of any nature whatsoever is undertaken by any government agency on lands which are controlled or owned by the territory and which are sites of historic or prehistoric interest and value, or locations of prehistoric or historic remains, one per cent of the appropriation for such public construction or improvement, or so much thereof as may be necessary, shall be expended by the department for the archaeological investigation, recording, and salvage of such sites or remains when it is deemed necessary by the department.

Section 13985.19. Prehistoric and historic sites and remains.

(a) The Department shall locate, identify, and preserve in the Guam Register of Historic Places information regarding prehistoric and historic sites, locations, and remains. The Department of Land Management shall clearly designate on its records and cadastral maps of the

territory, the location of all prehistoric and historic sites, or locations and remains.

(b) Before any public construction or improvement of any nature whatsoever is undertaken by the territory, or any governmental agency or officer, the head of such agency or such officer shall first examine the Department's records and cadastral map of the area to be affected by such public construction or improvement to determine whether any site listed upon the Guam Register of Historic Places is present. If so designated, the proposed public construction or improvement shall not be commenced, or, in the event it has already begun, continued, until the head of such agency or such other officer shall have advised the Department of the proposed public construction or improvement and shall have secured the concurrence of the Department or, as hereafter provided, shall have secured the written approval of the Governor.

If the concurrence of the Department is not obtained within ninety days after the filing of a request therefor with the Department or after the filing of a notice of objections by the Department with the agency of officer seeking to proceed with any project, such agency or officer may apply to the Governor for permission to proceed notwithstanding the nonconcurrence of the Department and the Governor may take such action as he deems pest in overruling or sustaining the Department.

(c) Before any construction, alteration, or improvement of any nature whatsoever is undertaken or commenced on a designated private prehistoric or historic site listed on the Guam Register of Historic Places by any person, he shall give to the Department three (3) months notice of

intention to construct, alter, or improve the site.

After the expiration of the three-month notification period, the Department shall either commence condemnation proceedings for the purchase of the site or remains, permit the owner to proceed with his construction, alteration, or improvement, or undertake or permit the recording and salvaging of any historical information deemed necessary to preserve Spanish-Chamorro history. by any qualified agency for this purpose.

Any person who violates the provisions of the first paragraph of this subsection shall be fined not more than One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000) or imprisoned not more than ninety (90) days or both.

(d) Inclusion of any historic site structure,
building or object on the Guam Register of Historic Places
shall be by the majority affirmative vote of the Guam
Review Board for Historic Preservation.

Section 13985.20. Permits to examine ruins, excavate, and gather objects on public lands. Permits for the examination of ruins, excavation of archaeological sites, and the gathering of objects of antiquity upon lands owned or controlled by the territory may be granted by the Department to persons or institutions which they deem properly qualified to conduct such examination, excavation, or gathering, subject to such rules and regulations as the Department may prescribe; provided, that the examinations, excavations, and gatherings are undertaken for the benefit of public museums, universities, colleges, or other recognized public scientific or educational institutions, with a view to increasing the knowledge of such objects and that the gatherings may be made for permanent preservation in

public museums if so deemed by the Department.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

Section 13985.21. Monuments: reservation of land; relinquishment of private claims. Upon the recommendation of the Department, the Governor may declare by executive order historic landmarks, historic and prehistoric structures, and other objects of historic or scientific interest that are situated upon the lands owned or controlled by the territory to be territorial monuments and may reserve as a part thereof parcels of land the limits of which in all cases shall be confined to the smallest area compatible with the proper care and management of the objects to be protected. When such objects are situated upon a tract covered by a bona fide unperfected claim or held in private ownership, the tract, or so much thereof as may be necessary for the proper care and management of the object, may be relinquished to the territory, and the Governor is authorized to accept the relinquishment of such tracts on behalf of the territory.

Section 13985.22. Excavation and removal of prehistoric and historic remains on private lands. Before any prehistoric or historic remains are excavated or removed from private lands by the Department, the department or its designated investigators shall first secure the written approval of the owner of such lands. Whenever the value of the private prehistoric or historic site is diminished by the excavation or removal of prehistoric or historic remains by the Department, the owner of the site, shall be compensated for the loss, at a monetary sum mutually agreed upon by the Department and the owner or at a monetary sum set by the court.

Section 13985.73. Cooperation of other governmental

the attended to brook in

units. All agencies, departments, institutions, and commissions, shall cooperate fully with the Department in the preservation, protection, excavation, and evaluation of specimens and sites and to that end:

- (1) When any agency finds or is made aware by an appropriate historical or archaeological authority that its operation in connection with any territory, territory assisted, territory licensed, or contracted project, activity, or program adversely affects or may adversely affect scientific, historical, or archaeological data, such agency shall notify the Department and shall provide the Department with appropriate information concerning the project, program, or activity. The provisions of this section shall be made known to contractors by the territorial agencies doing the contracting.
- (2) The Department, upon notification or determination that scientific, historical, or archaeological data including relics and specimens, is or may be adversely affected, shall, after reasonable notice to the responsible agency, conduct or cause to be conducted a survey and other investigations to recover and preserve or otherwise protect such data, including analysis and publication, which in its opinion should be recovered in the public interest.
- (3) The Department shall initiate actions within sixty (60) days of notification under Paragraph (1) and within such time as agreed upon in other cases. The responsible agency is authorized and directed to expend agency funds for the purpose of recovering such data, including analysis and publications, and such costs shall be included as part of the contractor's costs if the adverse affect is caused by work being done under

contract to a territorial agency.

Section 13985.24. Field investigations on privately owned lands. It is the declared intention of the Legislature that field investigations on privately owned lands should be discouraged except in accordance with both the provisions and spirit of this Chapter; and persons having knowledge of the location of archaeological sites are encouraged to communicate such information to the Department.

Section 13985.25. Penalties. It shall be unlawful for any person to take, appropriate, excavate, injure, or destroy any prehistoric or historic ruin or monument or object of antiquity, situated on lands owned or controlled by the territory without the permission of the Department.

Any person who violates this section shall be fined not more than One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000) or imprisoned not more than ninety (90) days, or both.

Any prehistorical and historical objects and remains which have been taken without a permit shall be seized, deposited, and preserved in public museums by the Department.

Section 13985.26. Prehistoric or historic objects; public property. The Department shall, subject to the provisions of this Chapter, determine the disposition of such prehistoric or historic remains or objects wheresoever located within the territory which are the property of the territory. Any person who disturbs remains or objects of prehistoric or historic significance or removes such remains or objects from its site with the intent to convert the object to his own use or for the use of others shall be fined not more than

One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000) or imprisoned not more than ninety (90) days, or both.

When a private landowner or lessee in the territory discovers remains or objects which may be of historic significance on his property, he shall report the location of such remains or objects, without disturbing the remains or objects, to the Department. Such private landowner shall be compensated, in accordance with Section 13985.11 for any prehistoric or historic remains or objects excavated or removed from his lands by the Department.

Section 13985.27. Reproduction of prehistorical or historical objects; representation as originals; penalties. It shall be unlawful to reproduce or forge a prehistorical or historical object with the intent to represent it as an original. Any person who violates this section shall be fined not more than One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000) or imprisoned not more than ninety (90) days, or both.

Section 13985.28. Removal and trespass. It shall be deemed an act of trespass for any person, natural or corporate, to remove artifacts and antiquities of the kind described herein from the private land of any owner thereof without his permission being first obtained, and any person so doing shall be guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by a fine not exceeding Five Hundred Dollars (\$500) or by imprisonment for a period not to exceed six (6) months, or both.

Part III. Protection and Recovery of Underwater
Historic Properties and Sites

Section 13985.29. Declaration of legislative intent.

The Legislature declares that the public has an interest in the protection and salvage of underwater Listoric

properties situated under the navigable waters and territorial seas of the territory; that the public has a right to the knowledge to be derived and gained from a scientific study of these materials; and that therefore it is the purpose of this part to provide that activities for the protection, recovery, study, and exhibition of underwater historic properties be undertaken in a coordinated and organized manner for the general welfare of the public as a whole.

Section 13985.30. Definitions. As used in this part, 'underwater historic property' means any shipwreck, vessel, cargo, tackle, or underwater archaeological specimen, including any found at refuse sites or submerged sites of former habitation, that has remained unclaimed for more than ten (10) years on the bottoms of any waters.

Section 13985.31. Title to underwater historic property. Subject to any statute of the United States and any vested riparian rights, the title to all bottoms of navigable water within Guam's boundaries and the title to any underwater historic property living on or under such bottoms is declared to be in the territory, and such bottoms and underwater historic properties shall be subject to the exclusive dominion and control of the territory.

Section 13985.32. Custody of underwater historic property. The custodian of underwater historic properties as defined in Sections 13985.29 and 13985.30 shall be the Department which shall administer the preservation and protection of these properties as hereinafter directed by this part. The Department is empowered to prescribe such rules and regulations as may be necessary to preserve, protect, and recover any or all underwater historic

properties.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

Section 13985.33. Salvage research. The Department shall establish a center responsible for salvage research in areas designated by the Department as endangered by the lease, sale, or use of public or private lands.

Section 13985.34. Permits. Any qualified person, firm, or corporation desiring to conduct any type of exploration or recovery operations, in the course of which any underwater historic property or part thereof may be removed, displaced, or destroyed, shall first make application to the Department for a permit to conduct such operations. If the Department finds that the granting of such permit is in the best interest of the territory, it may grant such applicant a permit for such a period of time and under such conditions as the Department deems to be in the best interest of the territory. Such permit may provide for the fair compensation to the permittee in terms of a percentage of the reasonable cash value of the objects recovered or a fair share of the objects recovered, such fair compensation or share to be determined by the Department. Superior title to all objects recovered shall be retained by the territory unless or until they are released to the permittee by the Department. All exploration and recovery operations undertaken pursuant to a permit issued under this section shall be carried out under the general supervision of the Department and in accordance with the rules and regulations prescribed under Section 13985.32 and in such manner that the maximum amount of historic, scientific, archaeological, and educational information may be recovered and preserved in addition to the physical recovery of items. Permits may be renewed upon

31

or prior to expiration upon such terms as the Department may specify. Holders of permits shall be responsible for obtaining permission of any federal agencies having jurisdiction prior to conducting any salvaging operations.

Section 13985.35. Penalties. Any person violating the provisions of this part or any rules and regulations duly established thereunder shall be guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by a fine not exceeding Five Hundred Dollars (\$500) or by imprisonment for a period not to exceed six (6) months, or both, and, in addition, shall forfeit to the territory any artifacts or objects collected.

Part IV. Guam Institute of Spanish-Chamorro
Culture

Section 13985.36. Statement of purpose. The purpose of this part is to create a nonprofit corporation for historic and cultural preservation, research, restoration, presentation, museum activities, and support programs; and in cooperation with and in assistance to the Department and other territorial agencies to receive sites, buildings, and objects significant in Guam's history and culture, to preserve and administer them for public benefits; to accept, hold, and administer gifts, securities, grants, scholarships, endowments, private bequests, or other property of whatsoever character for a comprehensive historic and cultural preservation and museum's program.

This corporation shall be the depository of all resources which are made available or offered of desirable land, historical collections, and donations made by groups and persons as gifts to the territory to help insure the Spanish-Chamorro heritage.

Section 13985.37. Establishment of the Guam Institute

of Spanish-Chamorro Culture; board of trustees. There is created an educational, nonprofit corporation to be known as the Guam Institute of Spanish-Chamorro Culture which shall be headed by a board of trustees.

The board shall consist of eleven (11) members of which the following shall serve as ex-officio voting members of the board:

- (1) President of the University of Guam,
- (2) Director of the Department of Land Management,
- (3) Director of the Central Planning Commission,
- (4) Director of Commerce,
- (5) Attorney General.

The remaining members shall be chosen by the members of the Institute from its membership at any regular meeting of the Institute except that the initial members of the board shall be appointed by the Governor. Each member of the board other than ex-officio members shall serve for a term of five (5) years from the expiration of his predecessor's term, except that the members first appointed shall serve for terms of from one (1) to five (5) years as designated by the Governor at the time of appointment.

A vacancy in the board shall be filled for the balance of the unexpired term as prescribed in the rules and regulations of the Institute. The chairman of the board shall be elected by majority vote of the members of the board. No compensation shall be paid to members of the board of trustees for their services as such members, but they may be reimbursed for travel and actual and reasonable expenses necessarily incurred by them in attending board meetings and performing other official suties on behalf of the Institute at the direction of the board.

Membership shall be open to any resident of Guam upon payment of such reasonable fees as the board of trustees may prescribe.

Section 13985.38. Powers and duties. The Guam Institute of Spanish-Chamorro Culture shall have the following powers and duties:

- (1) To have succession until dissolved by act of the Legislature, in which event title to the properties of the Institute, both real and personal, shall, insofar as consistent with existing contractual obligations and subject to all other legally enforceable claims or demands by or against the Institute, pass to and become vested in the territory;
  - (2) To sue or be sued in its corporate name;
  - (3) To adopt, alter, and use a corporate seal;
- (4) To adopt a constitution and to make such bylaws, rules, and regulations, not inconsistent with the laws of the territory, as it deems necessary for the administration of its functions, bylaws, rules, and regulations governing visitation to historic properties, museums, and other facilities under its control, administration of corporate funds, and the organization and procedure of the board of trustees;
- (5) To select and employ a director to serve on a full-time basis who shall be a native-born resident who by reason of education or extensive experience is generally recognized as being professionally qualified in the field of Spanish-Chamorro culture, who shall receive a salary of Twenty-Five Thousand Dollars (\$25,000) per year. The director shall execute the powers and duties of the Institute under the direction of the board of trustees

and shall select necessary additional staff subject to Title V of the Government Code, within available appropriations;

- Guam Museum. The Institute director shall serve as the museum director and shall hire necessary additional staff subject to Title V of the Government Code. The Institute shall submit in its first annual report recommendations as to the responsibility and role which the museum should assume with respect to the preservation and furtherance of the historic, archaeological, architectural, and cultural heritage of Guam and as to organization and administrative arrangements which should be provided for by law or otherwise;
- (7) To accept, hold, and administer funds and properties from private or governmental agencies for the purposes for which the Institute is created and in accordance with such conditions as the transferring agency or the Legislature may prescribe;
- (8) To accept, hold, and administer gifts and bequests of money, securities, or other personal property of whatever character, in trust, for the purposes for which the Institute is created. Unless otherwise restricted by the terms of the bequest or gift, the Institute is authorized to sell, exchange, or otherwise dispose of, and to invest or reinvest in such investments as it may determine from time to time the moneys, securities, or other property given or bequeathed to it. The principal of such corporate funds, together with the income therefrom and all other revenues received by it from any source whatsoever, shall be placed in such depositories as the

Institute shall determine and shall be subject to expenditure by the Institute for its corporate purposes;

- (9) To acquire by gift, devise, purchase, and to hold in trust real property for the territory and for the people of Guam unless otherwise restricted by the terms of the gift or devise, to encumber, convey, or otherwise dispose of any real property, or any estate or interest therein with the exception that no designated historic site or monument may be encumbered, conveyed, or disposed of without legislative approval, as may be necessary and proper in carrying into effect the purposes of the Institute;
  - (10) To conduct research, studies, and investigations in the fields of history and the humanities, and to make, publish, and distribute the results thereof;
- (11) To coordinate and correlate activities and projects of the Institute with the work of the University of Guam, the Department, and other territorial agencies to further the purposes of this Chapter;
- (12) To stimulate, guide and promote the Spanish-Chamorro culture which includes the arts, music, festivities, customs, traditions and mores of the Spanish-Chamorro heritage;
- (13) To assist in coordinating the plans, programs and activities of individuals, associations, corporations, and agencies concerned with the preservation and furtherance of Spanish-Chamorro culture;
- (14) To review the work of the Department and to collaborate with in on its functions under this Chapter, pertaining to historical objects and sites, and to review such surveys and historic preservation plans as may be

30

required, and to approve properties for nomination to the National Register as provided for in the Historic Preservation Act of 1966, Public Law 89-665.

- (15) To establish within the Institute, a review board for the Guam Register of Historic Places, which meets the requirements of Public Law 89-665, to evaluate and nominate historical properties to the National Register of Historic Places pursuant to Public Law 89-665, and to order and enter historical and archaeological sites into the Guam Register of Historic Places on the basis of their value to Guam's heritage. The review board shall be appointed by the board of trustees of the Institute and no more than two (2) members of the board of trustees shall be appointed to the review board. Trusteemembers of the review board may be reimbursed at the same rate as other members of the review board for official duties performed while serving on the review board. Until such time as the review board is established in accordance with this subsection, the Guam Review Board for Historic Preservation which was created by Executive Order 73-27 shall discharge the responsibilities of this subsection;
- (16) To enter into contracts and to execute all instruments necessary and appropriate to carry cut the purposes of the foundation;
- (17) To approve all designations of particular places as places of historical interest;
- (18) To establish and maintain an inventory, and certification and evaluation system for portable artifacts significant to Guam's cultural heritage; and

(19) To maintain a living war memorial commemorating the sacrifices of our heroic dead of World War II.

Section 13985.39. Development of support programs.

The Institute shall develop a continuing comprehensive museum and museum activities support program in furtherance of its responsibility under Section 13985.37 which shall include, but not be limited to:

- (1) Providing matching grants-in-aid to governmental or private agencies for projects which fulfill the purposes of this part;
- (2) Providing technical assistance and staff development and training opportunities; and
- (3) Assisting in the training of competent museum personnel and in the development of employment and career opportunities in museum and related fields.

Section 13985.40. Annual report. The Institute shall submit an annual report to the Governor and the Legislature. The report shall include, but not be limited to, the total number and amount of gifts received, payroll disbursements, contracts entered into, progress and accomplishments made during the year, and recommendations for legislative and administrative action for the preservation and furtherance of the goals and purpose of this Act.

Part V. Preservation Procedures To
Guide Territorial Agencies

Section 13985.41. Declaration of legislative intent.

The Legislature declares it to be the public policy of this territory to provide leadership in preserving, restoring, and maintaining the historic, architectural, archaeological, and cultural environment of this territory and that therefore it is the purpose of this part to provide that the

instrumentalities of the territory administer the historic properties under their control in a spirit of stewardship and trusteeship for future generations and conduct their activities, plans, and programs in a manner consistent with preservation and enhancement of historic properties and sites.

Section 13985.42. Responsibilities of territorial agencies. All agencies, departments, bureaus, and commissions of the territory, shall:

- (1) Consult the Guam Institute of Spanish-Chamorro Culture before demolishing, altering, or transferring any property under their jurisdiction that is potentially of historical, architectural, archaeological, or cultural significance, including, but not limited to, any property listed on the territorial register.
- (2) Initiate measures and procedures to provide for the maintenance, through preservation, rehabilitation, or restoration, of properties under their ownership that are listed on the territorial or national register; such measures and procedures shall comply with applicable standards prescribed by the Department.
- (3) Develop plans for the maintenance, through preservation, rehabilitation, or restoration, of historic properties under their ownership in a manner compatible with preservation objectives and which do not result in an unreasonable economic burden to public interest.
- (4) Institute procedures to assure that their plans, programs, codes, and regulations contribute to the preservation and enhancement of sites, structures, and objects of historical, architectural, archaeological, or cultural

- (5) Submit annually procedures required pursuant to Paragraphs (2), (3), and (4) to the Department and the Institute for review and comment.
- (6) Determine whether their existence is no longer necessary in view of the Institute's responsibilities and if so, to report same to the Institute, the Governor, and the Legislature within ninety (90) days of the effective date of this Act."

Section 2. Severability. If any provision of this Act or the application thereof to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the invalidity does not affect other provisions or applications of the Act which can be given effect without the invalid provision or application; and to this end the provisions of this Act are severable.

Section 3. Appropriation. There is hereby authorized to be appropriated from any Unappropriated Surplus of the General Fund such sum as may be necessary to implement the intent of this Act.