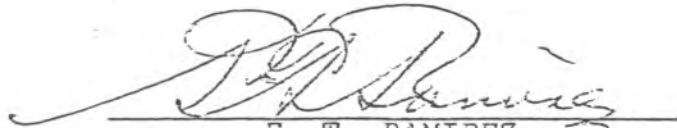


TWELFTH GUAM LEGISLATURE
1973 (FIRST) Regular Session

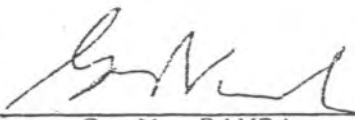
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CERTIFICATION OF PASSAGE OF AN ACT TO THE GOVERNOR

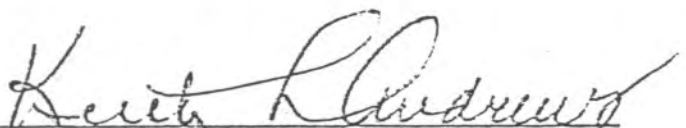
This is to certify that Bill No. 75, "An Act to add a Chapter IX.2 to Title IX of the Government Code of Guam to provide for an interstate compact on juveniles", was on the 25th day of October, 1973, duly and regularly passed by the Legislature.


F. T. RAMIREZ
Speaker

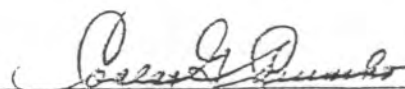
ATTESTED:


G. M. BAMBA
Legislative Secretary

This Act was received by the Governor this 31st day
of October, 1973 at 11:25 o'clock P.M.


KEITH L. ANDREWS
Attorney General of Guam

APPROVED:


CARLOS G. CAMACHO
Governor of Guam

DATED: NOV 9 1973
9:15 a.m.

Public Law

12-50



Introduced by F. G. Lujan

AN ACT TO ADD A CHAPTER IX.2 TO TITLE IX
OF THE GOVERNMENT CODE OF GUAM TO PROVIDE
FOR AN INTERSTATE COMPACT ON JUVENILES.

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE TERRITORY OF GUAM:

2 Section 1. Chapter IX.2 is hereby added to Title IX of
3 the Government Code of Guam to read as follows:

4 "CHAPTER IX.2

5 Interstate Compact on Juveniles

6 Section 8840. Purpose and Short Title. The purpose
7 of this Chapter is to enact enabling legislation for the
8 Interstate Compact on Juveniles, hereinafter referred to
9 as the 'Compact'. This Chapter may be cited as the 'Inter-
10 state Compact on Juveniles Enabling Act'.

11 Section 8841. Execution of Compact. The Governor of
12 Guam is hereby authorized to execute and enter into a
13 Compact on behalf of the territory of Guam with any and
14 all states, territories, Trust Territories and possessions
15 of the United States, the District of Columbia, and the
16 Commonwealth of Puerto Rico legally joined therein in a
17 form substantially as follows:

18 ARTICLE I

19 Finding and Purposes

20 That juveniles who are not under proper super-
21 vision and control, or who have absconded, escaped or
22 run away, are likely to endanger their own health,
23 morals and welfare, and the health, morals and welfare
24 of others. The cooperation of the states party to this
25 Compact is therefore necessary to provide for the welfare

3 and protection of juveniles and of the public with
4 respect to (1) cooperative supervision of delinquent
5 juveniles on probation or parole; (2) the return, from
6 one state to another, of delinquent juveniles who have
7 escaped or absconded; (3) the return, from one state
8 to another, of non-delinquent juveniles who have run
9 away from home; and (4) additional measures for the
10 protection of juveniles and of the public, which any
11 two or more of the party states may find desirable to
12 undertake cooperatively. In carrying out the provisions
13 of this Compact the party states shall be guided by
14 the noncriminal, reformatory and protective policies
15 which guide their laws concerning delinquent,
16 neglected or dependent juveniles generally. It shall
17 be the policy of the states party to this Compact
18 to cooperate and observe their respective responsi-
19 bilities for the prompt return and acceptance of
20 juveniles and delinquent juveniles who become subject
21 to the provisions of this Compact. The provisions of
22 this Compact shall be reasonably and liberally construed
23 to accomplish the foregoing purposes.

24 ARTICLE II

25 Existing Rights and Remedies

26 That all remedies and procedures provided by this
27 Compact shall be in addition to and not in substitution
28 for other rights, remedies and procedures, and shall
29 not be in derogation of parental rights and responsi-
30 bilities.

31 ARTICLE III

32 Definitions

That, for the purposes of this Compact (a) 'delinquent
juvenile' means any juvenile who has been adjudged delinquent

3 and who, at the time the provisions of this Compact
4 are invoked, is still subject to the jurisdiction of
5 the court that has made such adjudication or to the
6 jurisdiction or supervision of an agency or institution
7 pursuant to an order of such court;

8 (b) 'Probation or parole' means any kind of con-
9 ditional release of juveniles authorized under the
10 laws of the states party hereto;

11 (c) 'Court' means any court having jurisdiction
12 over delinquent, neglected or dependent children;

13 (d) 'State' means any state, territory, and Trust
14 Territory or possession of the United States, the District
15 of Columbia, and the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico; and

16 (e) 'Residence' or any variant thereof means a
17 place at which a home or regular place of abode is
18 maintained.

19 ARTICLE IV

20 Return of Runaways

21 (a) That the parent, guardian, person or agency
22 entitled to legal custody of a juvenile who has not
23 been adjudged delinquent but who has run away without
24 the consent of such parent, guardian, person or
25 agency may petition the appropriate court in the
26 demanding state for the issuance of a requisition
27 for his return. The petition shall state the name and
28 age of the juvenile, the name of the petitioner and
29 the basis of entitlement to the juvenile's custody,
30 the circumstances of his running away, his location
31 if known at the time application is made, and such
32 other facts as may tend to show that the juvenile who
has run away is endangering his own welfare or the welfare
of others and is not an emancipated minor. The petition

3 shall be verified by affidavit, shall be executed in
4 duplicate, and shall be accompanied by two (2) certified
5 copies of the document or documents on which the peti-
6 tioner's entitlement to the juvenile's custody is based,
7 such as birth certificates, letters of guardianship, or
8 custody decrees. Such further affidavits and other
9 documents as may be deemed proper may be submitted with
10 such petition. The judge of the court to which this
11 application is made shall hold a hearing thereon to
12 determine whether for the purposes of this Compact the
13 petitioner is entitled to the legal custody of the
14 juvenile, whether or not it appears that the juvenile
15 has in fact run away without consent, whether or not
16 he is an emancipated minor, and whether or not it is in
17 the best interest of the juvenile to compel his return
18 to the state. If the judge determines, after a hearing,
19 that the juvenile should be returned, he shall present
20 to the appropriate court or to the executive authority
21 of the state where the juvenile is alleged to be located
22 a written requisition for the return of such juvenile.
23 Such requisition shall set forth the name and age of
24 the juvenile, the determination of the court that
25 the juvenile has run away without the consent of a
26 parent, guardian, person or agency entitled to his
27 legal custody, and that it is in the best interest and
28 for the protection of such juvenile that he be returned.
29 In the event that a proceeding for the adjudication of
30 the juvenile as a delinquent, neglected or dependent
31 juvenile is pending in the court at the time when such
32 juvenile runs away, the court may issue a requisition
for the return of such juvenile upon its own motion,
regardless of the consent of the parent, guardian, person

or agency entitled to legal custody, reciting therein the nature and circumstances of the pending proceeding. The requisition shall in every case be executed in duplicate and shall be signed by the judge. One (1) copy of the requisition shall be filed with the Compact Administrator of the demanding state, there to remain on file subject to the provision of law governing records of such court. Upon the receipt of a requisition demanding the return of a juvenile who has run away, the court or the executive authority to whom the requisition is addressed shall issue and order to any peace officer or other appropriate person directing him to take into custody and detain such juvenile. Such detention order must substantially recite the facts necessary to the validity of its issuance hereunder. No juvenile detained upon such order shall be delivered over to the officer whom the court demanding him shall have appointed to receive him, unless he shall first be taken forthwith before a judge of a court in the state, who shall inform him of the demand made for his return, and who shall appoint counsel or guardian ad litem for him. If the judge of such court shall find that the requisition is in order, he shall deliver such juvenile over to the officer whom the court demanding him shall have appointed to receive him. The judge, however, may fix a reasonable time to be allowed for the purpose of testing the legality of the proceeding.

Upon reasonable information that a person is a juvenile who has run away from another state party to this Compact without the consent of a parent, guardian, person or agency entitled to his legal custody, such juvenile may be taken into custody without a requisition

3 and brought forthwith before a judge of the appropriate
4 court who shall appoint counsel or guardian ad litem
5 for such juvenile and who shall determine after a hearing
6 whether sufficient cause exists to hold the person,
7 subject to the order of the court, for his own protection
8 and welfare, for such a time not exceeding ninety (90)
9 days as will enable his return to another state party
10 to this Compact pursuant to a requisition for his
11 return from a court of that state. If, at the time when
12 a state seeks the return of a juvenile who has run away,
13 there is pending in the state wherein he is found any
14 criminal charge, or any proceeding to have him adjudicated
15 a delinquent juvenile for an act committed in such state,
16 or if he is suspected of having committed within such
17 state a criminal offense or an act of juvenile delinquency,
18 he shall not be returned without the consent of such
19 state until discharged from prosecution or other form
20 of proceeding, imprisonment, detention or supervision
21 for such offense or juvenile delinquency. The duly
22 accredited officers of any state party to this Compact,
23 upon the establishment of their authority and the identity
24 of the juvenile being returned, shall be permitted
25 to transport such juvenil- through any and all states
26 party to this Compact, without interference. Upon his
27 return to the state, from which he ran away, the juvenile
28 shall be subject to such further proceedings as may be
29 appropriate under the law of that state.

30 (b) That the state to which a juvenile is returned
31 under this Article shall be responsible for payment of
32 the transportation costs of such return.

(c) That 'juvenile' as used in this Article means
any person who is a minor under the law of the state of

residence of the parent, guardian, person or agency entitled to the legal custody of such minor.

ARTICLE V

Return of Escapees and Absconders

(a) That the appropriate person or authority from whose probation or parole supervision a delinquent juvenile has absconded or from whose institutional custody he has escaped shall present to the appropriate court or to the executive authority of the state where the delinquent juvenile is alleged to be located a written requisition for the return of such delinquent juvenile. Such requisition shall state the name and age of the delinquent juvenile, the particulars of his adjudication as a delinquent juvenile, the circumstances of the breach of the terms of his probation or parole or of his escape from an institution or agency vested with his legal custody or supervision, and the location of such delinquent juvenile, if known, at the time the requisition is made. The requisition shall be verified by affidavit, shall be executed in duplicate, and shall be accompanied by two (2) certified copies of the judgment, formal adjudication, or order of commitment which subjects such delinquent juvenile to probation or parole or to the legal custody of the institution or agency concerned. Such further affidavits and other documents as may be deemed proper may be submitted with such requisition. One (1) copy of the requisition shall be filed with the Compact Administrator of the demanding state, there to remain on file subject to the provisions of law governing records of the appropriate court. Upon the receipt of a requisition demanding the return of a delinquent juvenile who has absconded or escaped, the

3 court or the executive authority to whom the requisition
4 is addressed shall issue an order to any peace officer
5 or other appropriate person directing him to take into
6 custody and detain such delinquent juvenile. Such
7 detention order must substantially recite the facts
8 necessary to the validity of its issuance hereunder.
9 No delinquent juvenile detained upon such order shall
10 be delivered over to the officer whom the appropriate
11 person or authority demanding him shall have appointed
12 to receive him, unless he shall first be taken forthwith
13 before a judge of an appropriate court in the state, who
14 shall inform him of the demand made for his return and
15 who shall appoint counsel or guardian ad litem for him.
16 If the judge of such court shall find that the requisition
17 is in order he shall deliver such delinquent juvenile
18 over to the officer whom the appropriate person or
19 authority demanding him shall have appointed to receive
20 him. The judge, however, may fix a reasonable time to
21 be allowed for the purpose of testing the legality of
22 the proceeding.

23 Upon reasonable information that a person is a
24 delinquent juvenile who has absconded while on probation
25 or parole, or escaped from an institution or agency vested
26 with his legal custody or supervision in any state party
27 to this Compact, such person may be taken into custody in
28 any other state party to his Compact without a requisition.
29 But in such event, he must be taken forthwith
30 before a judge of the appropriate court, who may appoint
31 counsel or guardian ad litem for such person and who
32 shall determine, after a hearing whether sufficient cause
exists to hold the person subject to the order of the
court for such a time, not exceeding ninety (90) days,

3 as will enable his detention under a detention order
4 issued on a requisition pursuant to this Article. If,
5 at the time when a state seeks the return of a delinquent
6 juvenile who has either absconded while on probation or
7 parole or escaped from an institution or agency vested
8 with his legal custody or supervision, there is pending
9 in the state wherein he is detained any criminal charge
10 or any proceeding to have him adjudicated a delinquent
11 juvenile for an act committed in such state, or if he
12 is suspected of having committed within such state a
13 criminal offense or an act of juvenile delinquency, he
14 shall not be returned without the consent of such state
15 until discharged from prosecution or other form of
16 proceeding, imprisonment, detention or supervision for
17 such offense or juvenile delinquency. The duly accredited
18 officers of any state party to this Compact, upon the
19 establishment of their authority and identity of the
20 delinquent juvenile being returned, shall be permitted
21 to transport such delinquent juvenile through any and
22 all states party to this Compact, without interference.
23 Upon his return to the state from which he escaped or
24 absconded, the delinquent juvenile shall be subject
25 to such further proceedings as may be appropriate
26 under the laws of that state.

27 (b) That the state to which a delinquent juvenile
28 is returned under this Article shall be responsible for
29 payment of the transportation costs of such return.

30 ARTICLE VI

31 Voluntary Return Procedure

32 That any delinquent juvenile who has absconded
while on probation or parole, or escaped from an
institution or agency vested with his legal custody

3 as will enable his detention under a detention order
4 issued on a requisition pursuant to this Article. If,
5 at the time when a state seeks the return of a delinquent
6 juvenile who has either absconded while on probation or
7 parole or escaped from an institution or agency vested
8 with his legal custody or supervision, there is pending
9 in the state wherein he is detained any criminal charge
10 or any proceeding to have him adjudicated a delinquent
11 juvenile for an act committed in such state, or if he
12 is suspected of having committed within such state a
13 criminal offense or an act of juvenile delinquency, he
14 shall not be returned without the consent of such state
15 until discharged from prosecution or other form of
16 proceeding, imprisonment, detention or supervision for
17 such offense or juvenile delinquency. The duly accredited
18 officers of any state party to this Compact, upon the
19 establishment of their authority and identity of the
20 delinquent juvenile being returned, shall be permitted
21 to transport such delinquent juvenile through any and
22 all states party to this Compact, without interference.
23 Upon his return to the state from which he escaped or
24 absconded, the delinquent juvenile shall be subject
25 to such further proceedings as may be appropriate
26 under the laws of that state.

27 (b) That the state to which a delinquent juvenile
28 is returned under this Article shall be responsible for
29 payment of the transportation costs of such return.

30 ARTICLE VI

31 Voluntary Return Procedure

32 That any delinquent juvenile who has absconded
while on probation or parole, or escaped from an
institution or agency vested with his legal custody

4 or supervision in any state party to this Compact, and
5 any juvenile who has run away from any state party to
6 this Compact, who is taken into custody without requisition
7 in another state party to this Compact under the
8 provisions of Article IV (a) or of Article V (a), may
9 consent to his immediate return to the state from which
10 he absconded, escaped or ran away. Such consent shall
11 be given by the juvenile or delinquent juvenile and his
12 counsel or guardian ad litem if any, by executing or
13 subscribing a writing, in the presence of a judge of
14 the appropriate court, which states that the juvenile
15 or delinquent juvenile and his counsel or guardian ad
16 litem consent to his return to the demanding state.
17 Before such consent shall be executed or subscribed,
18 however, the judge, in the presence of counsel or
19 guardian ad litem shall inform the juvenile or delinquent
20 juvenile of his rights under this Compact. When the
21 consent has been duly executed, it shall be forwarded
22 to and filed with the Compact Administrator of the
23 state to which the court is located and the judge shall
24 direct the officer having the juvenile or delinquent
25 juvenile in custody to deliver him to the duly accredited
26 officer or officers of the state demanding his return,
27 and shall cause to be delivered to such officer or
28 officers a copy of the consent. The court may, however,
29 upon the request of the state to which the juvenile or
30 delinquent juvenile is being returned, order him to
31 return unaccompanied to such state and shall provide
32 him with a copy of such court order; in such event a
copy of the consent shall be forwarded to the Compact
Administrator of the state to which said juvenile or
delinquent juvenile is ordered to return.

ARTICLE VII

Cooperative Supervision of Probationers

and Parolees

3
4 (a) That the duly constituted judicial and adminis-
5 trative authorities of a state party to this Compact
6 (herein called 'sending state') may permit any delinquent
7 juvenile within such state, placed on probation or parole,
8 to reside in any other state party to this Compact
9 (herein called 'receiving state') while on probation or
10 parole, and the receiving state shall accept such
11 delinquent juvenile, if the parent, guardian or person
12 entitled the legal custody of such delinquent juvenile
13 is residing or undertakes to reside within the receiving
14 state. Before granting such permission, opportunity shall
15 be given to the receiving state to make such investigation
16 as it deems necessary. The authorities of the sending
17 state shall sent to the authorities of the receiving
18 state copies of pertinent court orders, social case
19 studies and all other available information which may
20 be of value to and assist the receiving state in
21 supervising a probationer or parolee under this Compact.
22 A receiving state, in its discretion, may agree to
23 accept supervision of a probationer or parolee in
24 cases where the parent, guardian or person entitled to
25 the legal custody of the delinquent juvenile is not a
26 resident of the receiving state, and if so accepted the
27 sending state may transfer supervision accordingly.

28 (b) That each receiving state will assume the duties
29 of visitation and of supervision over any such delinquent
30 juvenile and in the exercise of those duties will be
31 governed by the same standards of visitation and super-
32 vision that prevail for its own delinquent juveniles

released on probation or parole.

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(c) That, after consultation between the appropriate authorities of the sending state and of the receiving state as to the desirability and necessity of returning such a delinquent juvenile, the duly accredited officers of a sending state may enter a receiving state and there apprehend and retake any such delinquent juvenile on probation or parole. For that purpose, no formalities will be required, other than establishing the authority of the officer and the identity of the delinquent juvenile to be retaken and returned. The decision of the sending state to retake a delinquent juvenile on probation or parole shall be conclusive upon and not reviewable within the receiving state, but, if at the time the sending state seeks to retake a delinquent juvenile on probation or parole, there is pending against him within the receiving state any criminal charge or any proceeding to have him adjudicated a delinquent juvenile for any act committed in such state, or if he is suspected of having committed within such state a criminal offense or an act of juvenile delinquency, he shall not be returned without the consent of the receiving state until discharged from prosecution or other form of proceeding, imprisonment, detention or supervision for such offense or juvenile delinquency. The duly accredited officers of the sending state shall be permitted to transport delinquent juveniles being so returned through any and all states party to this Compact, without interference.

(d) That the sending state shall be responsible under this Article for paying the costs of transporting any delinquent juvenile to the receiving state or of

returning any delinquent juvenile to the sending state.

ARTICLE VIII

Responsibility for Costs

(a) That the provisions of Articles IV (b), V (b), and VII (d) of this Compact shall not be construed to alter or affect any internal relationship among the departments, agencies and officers of and in the government of a party state, or between a party state and its subdivisions, as to the payment of costs, or responsibilities therefor.

(b) That nothing in this Compact shall be construed to prevent any party state or subdivision thereof from asserting any right against any person, agency, or other entity in regard to costs for which such party state or subdivision thereof may be responsible pursuant to Articles IV (b), V (b) or VII (d) of this Compact.

ARTICLE IX

Detention Practices

That, to every extent possible, it shall be the policy of states party to this Compact that no juvenile or delinquent juvenile shall be placed or detained in any prison, jail or lockup nor be detained or transported in association with criminal, vicious or dissolute persons.

ARTICLE X

Supplementary Agreements

That the duly constituted administrative authorities of a state party to this Compact may enter into supplementary agreements with any other state or states party hereto for the cooperative care, treatment and rehabilitation or delinquent juveniles whenever they shall find that such agreements will improve the facilities or programs available for such care, treatment and

rehabilitation. Such care, treatment and rehabilitation may be provided in an institution located within any state entering into such supplementary agreement. Such supplementary agreements shall (1) provide the rates to be paid for the care, treatment and custody of such delinquent juveniles, taking into consideration the character of facilities, services and subsistence furnished; (2) provide that the delinquent juvenile shall be given a court hearing prior to his being sent to another state for care, treatment and custody; (3) provide that the state receiving such a delinquent juvenile in one of its institutions shall act solely as agent for the state sending such delinquent juvenile; (4) provide that the sending state shall at all times retain jurisdiction over delinquent juveniles sent to an institution in another state; (5) provide for reasonable inspection of such institutions by the sending state; (6) provide that the consent of the parent, guardian, person or agency entitled to the legal custody of said delinquent juvenile shall be secured prior to his being sent to another state; and (7) make provision for such other matters and details as shall be necessary to protect the rights and equities of such delinquent juveniles and of the cooperating states.

ARTICLE XI

Acceptance of Federal and Other Aids

That any state party to this Compact may accept any and all donations, gifts and grants of money, equipment and services from the federal or any local government, or any agency thereof and from any person, firm or corporation, for any of the purposes and functions of this Compact, and may receive and utilize the same

subject to the terms, conditions and regulations governing such donations, gifts and grants.

ARTICLE XII

Compact Administrators

That the Chief Judge of the Island Court of Guam shall be the Compact Administrator and who, acting jointly with like officers of other states, shall promulgate rules and regulations to carry out more effectively the terms and provisions of this Compact.

ARTICLE XIII

Execution of Compact

That this Compact shall become operative immediately upon its execution by any state as between it and any other state or states so executing. When executed it shall have the full force and effect of law within such state, the form of execution to be in accordance with the laws of the executing state.

ARTICLE XIV

Renunciation

That this Compact shall continue in force and remain binding upon each executing state until renounced by it. Renunciation of this Compact shall be by the same authority which executed it, by sending six (6) months' notice in writing of its intention to withdraw from the Compact to the other states party hereto. The duties and obligations of a renouncing state under Article VII hereto shall continue as to parolees and probationers residing therein at the time of withdrawal until retaken or finally discharged. Supplementary agreements entered into under Article X hereof shall be subject to renunciation as provided by such supplementary agreements, and shall not be subject to the six (6) months' renunciation notice of the

ARTICLE XV

Severability

3
4 That the provisions of this Compact shall be sever-
5 able and if any phrase, clause, sentence or provision of
6 this Compact is declared to be contrary to the constitution
7 of any participating state or of the United States or the
8 applicability thereof to any government, agency, person
9 or circumstance shall not be affected thereby. If this
10 Compact shall be held contrary to the constitution of any
11 state participating therein, the Compact shall remain in
12 full force and effect as to the state affected as to all
13 severable matters.

ARTICLE XVI

Out-of-State Confinement

14
15
16 (1) This Article, known as the Out-of-State Confine-
17 ment Amendment to the Interstate Compact on Juveniles, is
18 hereby enacted into law and entered into by this territory
19 with all other states legally joining therein in the
20 form substantially as follows:

21 (a) Whenever the duly constituted judicial
22 or administrative authorities in a sending state
23 shall determine that confinement of a probationer
24 or reconfinement of a parolee is necessary or
25 desirable, said officials may direct that the
26 confinement or reconfinement be in an appro-
27 priate institution for delinquent juveniles with-
28 in the territory of the receiving state, such
29 receiving state to act in that regard solely as
30 agent for the sending state.

31 (b) Escapees and absconders who could other-
32 wise be returned pursuant to Article V of the

3 Compact may be confined or reconfined in the
4 receiving state pursuant to this Article. In
5 any such case the information and allegations
6 required to be made and furnished in a requisition
7 pursuant to such Article shall be made and fur-
8 nished, but in place of the demand pursuant to
9 Article V, the sending state shall request con-
10 finement or reconfinement in the receiving state.
11 Whenever applicable, detention orders as provided
12 in Article V may be employed pursuant to this
13 paragraph preliminary to disposition of the
14 escapee or absconder.

15 (c) The confinement or reconfinement of a
16 parolee, probationer, escapee, or absconder pursuant
17 to this Article shall require the concurrence of
18 the appropriate judicial or administrative authorities
19 of the receiving state.

20 (d) As used in this Article: (1) 'sending
21 state' means sending state as the term is used in
22 Article VII of the Compact or the state from which
23 a delinquent juvenile has escaped or absconded with-
24 in the meaning of Article V of the Compact; (2) 'recei-
25 ving state' means any state, other than the sending
26 state, in which a parolee, probationer, escapee, or
27 absconder may be found, provided that said state is
28 a party to this Article.

29 (e) Every state which adopts this Article
30 shall designate at least one of its institutions
31 for delinquent juveniles as a 'Compact Institution'
32 and shall confine persons therein as provided in
Paragraph (a) hereof unless the sending and receiving
state in question shall make specific contractual

3 arrangements to the contrary. All states party to
4 this Article shall have access to 'Compact Institut-
5 ions' at all reasonable hours for the purpose of
6 inspecting the facilities thereof and for the purpose
7 of visiting such of said state's delinquents as may
8 be confined in the institution.

9 (f) Persons confined in 'Compact Institutions'
10 pursuant to the terms of this Compact shall at all
11 times be subject to the jurisdiction of the sending
12 state and may at any time be removed from said
13 'Compact Institution' for transfer to an appro-
14 priate institution within the sending state, for
15 return to probation or parole, for discharge, or
16 for any purpose permitted by the laws of the sending
17 state.

18 (g) All persons who may be confined in a
19 'Compact Institution' pursuant to the provisions
20 of this Article shall be treated in a reasonable
21 and humane manner. The fact of confinement or
22 reconfinement in a receiving state shall not
23 deprive any person so confined or reconfined of
24 any rights which said person would have had if
25 confined or reconfined in an appropriate institution
26 of the sending state; nor shall any agreement to
27 submit to confinement or reconfinement pursuant
28 to the terms of this Article be construed as a
29 waiver of any rights which the delinquent would have
30 had if he had been confined or reconfined in any
31 appropriate institution of the sending state
32 except that the hearing or hearings, if any, to
which a parolee, probationer, escapee, or absconder
may be entitled (prior to confinement or reconfinement)

3 by the laws of the sending state may be had before
4 the appropriate judicial or administrative officers
5 of the receiving state. In this event, said judicial
6 and administrative officers shall act as agents of
7 the sending state after consultation with appropriate
8 officers of the sending state.

9 (h) Any receiving state incurring costs or
10 other expenses under this amendment shall be
11 reimbursed in the amount of such costs or other
12 expenses by the sending state unless the states
13 concerned shall specifically otherwise agree. Any
14 two or more states party to this Compact may
15 enter into supplementary agreements determining
16 a different allocation of costs as among themselves.

17 (i) Rules and regulations necessary to
18 effectuate the terms of this Article may be pro-
19 mulgated by the appropriate officers of those
20 states which have enacted this Article.

21 (2) In addition to any institution in which the
22 authorities of this territory may otherwise confine or
23 order the confinement of a delinquent juvenile, such
24 authorities may, pursuant to this Article, confine or
25 order the confinement of a delinquent juvenile in a
26 Compact institution within another party state.

27 Section 8842. Juvenile Compact Administrator. Pursuant
28 to the Compact the Chief Judge of the Island Court shall
29 be the Compact Administrator and shall promulgate rules
30 and regulations to carry out the terms of the Compact.
31 The Compact Administrator may enter into agreements with
32 appropriate officials of other states or territories
pursuant to the Compact. The Compact Administrator shall
cooperate with all departments, agencies and officers

of and in the government of the territory in facilitating the proper administration of the Compact or of any agreements entered into by the territory thereunder."

9:15 AM