I MINA'TRENTAI UNU NA LIHESLATURAN GUÅHAN 2012 (SECOND) Regular Session

Resolution No. 404-31 (LS)

Introduced by:

Judith T. Won Pat, Ed.D. T. R. Muña Barnes <u>B. J.F. Cruz</u> v. c. pangelinan T. C. Ada V. Anthony Ada F. F. Blas, Jr. Chris M. Dueñas Judith P. Guthertz, DPA Sam Mabini, Ph.D. Adolpho B. Palacios, Sr. R. J. Respicio Dennis G. Rodriguez, Jr. M. Silva Taijeron Aline A.Yamashita, Ph.D.

Relative to recognizing and congratulating President Ma Ying-jeou on his re-election as President of the Republic of China (Taiwan).

BE IT RESOLVED BY I MINA'TRENTAI UNU NA LIHESLATURAN GUÅHAN:

WHEREAS, Ma Ying-jeou was born in Hong Kong on July 13, 1950, the only male child in a family of five (5) children; and a year later he moved to Taiwan, where he has lived ever since; and

6 WHEREAS, Ma's father, Ma Ho-ling, was originally from Hengshan County,
7 in the Hunan Province of the Chinese mainland. During his early years, the elder Ma

8 was deeply involved in patriotic activities, joining the Youth Army and fighting in the
9 Second Sino-Japanese War (1937-1945); and

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WHEREAS, throughout his lifetime, Ma's father, Ma Ho-ling, dedicated himself to his government and country, and had served in various positions and capacities in the KMT Party and government after the war against Japan in 1945 until his death at the age of eighty-five (85) in 2005; and

WHEREAS, Ma Ying-jeou's mother, Chin Houhsiu, had also devoted her life
to the government, and is now a retired civil servant; and

WHEREAS, in 1977, Ma Ying-jeou married the former Chow Mei-ching, and
 together they have two (2) daughters, Ma Weichung and Ma Yuan-chung; and

WHEREAS, in 1972, Ma Ying-jeou graduated from Taiwan's foremost
academic institution, the National Taiwan University, where he received a Bachelor's
Degree from the College of Law; and

WHEREAS, Ma Ying-jeou earned a Master of Laws (LL.M.) Degree from New York University in 1976, and a Doctor of Juridical Science (S.J.D.) Degree from Harvard Law School in 1981, specializing in law of the sea and international economic law; and

WHEREAS, Ma Ying-jeou became the Deputy Director of the First Bureau of the Presidential Office, and in this post he served as President Chiang Ching-kuo's English interpreter and secretary; and he concurrently served as Deputy Secretary General of the KMT's Central Committee. In 1986, he was assigned by President Chiang the heavy task of researching the possibility of lifting martial law, relaxing restrictions on cross strait contacts (thus permitting residents in Taiwan to visit their China mainland relatives), and reforming the parliament; and

32 WHEREAS, on October 7, 1986, President Chiang granted an interview to 33 Katherine Graham, publisher of the Washington Post, and during the interview,

President Chiang announced that Taiwan would act as soon as possible to lift martial
law and the ban on forming new political parties. This event marked a momentous
turning point in Taiwan's democratic development; and

WHEREAS, as the President's English interpreter and secretary at the time,
Ma Ying-jeou was a witness to this historic milestone in Chinese Civilization.
Subsequently, in 1988, Ma Ying-jeou was appointed as the Chairman of the Research,
Development, and Evaluation Commission of the Executive Yuan. Concurrently, he
was also assigned to form a Mainland Affairs Task Force, and subsequently became
the body's Executive Secretary; and

43 WHEREAS, three (3) years later, Ma Ying-jeou was appointed to the newly 44 established Mainland Affairs Council, becoming its first-ever Vice Chairperson, while 45 concurrently serving as a KMT representative at-large in the Second National 46 Assembly; and

WHEREAS, in 1993, Ma Ying-jeou was appointed to serve as Minister of
Justice, a position in which he launched an aggressive campaign to fight against
corruption and drugs, and investigated allegations of vote-buying; and

50 WHEREAS, on May 20, 2008, Ma Ying-jeou was inaugurated as the President of the Republic of China (ROC). During the presidential election, Ma Ying-jeou 51 campaigned on a platform to revive Taiwan's fledgling economy and restore the core 52 53 values of benevolence, righteousness, diligence, honesty, generosity, and industriousness. On election day, Ma Ying-jeou secured a landslide victory with a 54 55 total of 7.65 million ballots, or 58.5 percent of the vote. This election represented 56 Taiwan's second peaceful transfer of political power, marking a milestone in the 57 island's democratic development; and

58 WHEREAS, on January 14, 2012, President Ma Ying-jeou was re-elected as 59 the thirteenth (13th) term president, with 6.89 million ballots, or 51.6 percent of the 60 vote; now therefore, be it

61 **RESOLVED**, that *I Mina 'Trentai Unu Na Liheslaturan Guåhan* does hereby,

62 on behalf of the people of Guam, recognize and congratulate President Ma Ying-jeou

on his re-election as President of the Republic of China (Taiwan); and be it further

64 **RESOLVED**, that the Speaker certify, and the Legislative Secretary attest to,

65 the adoption hereof, and that copies of the same be thereafter transmitted to President

66 Ma Ying-jeou; and to the Honorable Edward J.B. Calvo, *I Maga'lahen Guåhan*.

DULY AND REGULARLY ADOPTED BY *I MINA'TRENTAI UNU NA LIHESLATURAN GUÅHAN* ON THE DAY 1ST OF MAY 2012.

JUDITH T. WON PAT, Ed.D. Speaker

RORY J. RESPICIO

RORY J. RESPICIO Chairperson, Committee on Rules